## **Appendix 1**



# Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough Council

**Medium Term Financial Plan** 

2018/19 - 2021/22 (up dated July 2018)

## **Medium Term Financial Plan - Contents**

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#### INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

Medium Term Financial and Service Planning is an essential component of the effective financial management of this Council. It is the cornerstone of good governance and an enabler of service delivery and service improvement within the constraints of available resources.

This Medium Term Financial Plan sets out, holistically, the financial context within which the Council is operating and forward projects the financial challenge facing the Council over a 3 year planning period.

It will also align and link our financial resources to our Corporate Plan Priorities and will enable us to track resource allocation in this way over future years.

## **Section 1 Background and Context**

- 1.1 Rhondda Cynon Taf has a track record of strong and effective financial management. Medium Term Financial Planning is an essential part of these arrangements.
- 1.2 The austerity measures emanating from the actions of Central Government continue to impact on the resources available to Welsh Government and consequently local government in Wales. At a national level, the overall local government settlement for Wales over the last 5 financial years is shown below in Table 1.1.

Table 1.1

Financial	All Wales
Year	Settlement
2014/15	-3.9%
2015/16	-3.5%
2016/17	-1.4%
2017/18	+0.2%
2018/19	+0.2%

- 1.3 For Rhondda Cynon Taf the reduction in funding over many years has translated into a need to make budgetary savings in excess of £87M over the last 10 years, equating to a reduction of approximately 18% of the Council's net budget.
- 1.4 In February 2016, the Council agreed a new Corporate Plan for the period 2016-2020 and in November 2016 Cabinet adopted the Council's Corporate Plan priorities as its Well-being objectives in line with the Well-being of Future Generations Act. Key information set out within the Council's Corporate Plan is reproduced in the following paragraphs.
- 1.5 The Corporate Plan 2016-2020 set the overall direction for the Council over the four year period, describing its vision, purpose and ambition for the County Borough.
- 1.6 The Council's vision is:
  - "For a County Borough that has high aspirations, is confident and promotes opportunity for all".
- 1.7 The Council's purpose and the reason why it exists is:

"To provide strong community leadership and effective services for the people of Rhondda Cynon Taf to enable them to fulfil their potential and prosper".

- 1.8 The Council is focused on the following three priorities:
  - 1. Economy Building a strong economy;
  - 2. People Promoting independence and positive lives for everyone; and
  - 3. Place Creating neighbourhoods where people are proud to live and work.
- 1.9 The Corporate Plan is a key component of the Council's budgetary and business planning process. The Plan recognises that Rhondda Cynon Taf Council and the wider public sector continue to face significant financial challenges, even though macro economic conditions have begun to improve. The improved position is not reflected in the wider public sector and the challenges for services and ultimately residents continues to be significant. The position was summarised in the Corporate Plan as follows:
  - Further spending cuts to come: Despite nearly £100 billion of spending cuts since 2010, the UK budget deficit still stands at around £90 billion meaning that austerity will continue.
  - Increasing pressure on services: increasing demand on services is driven by a changing population. Rhondda Cynon Taf's population is relatively static but health and social services in particular are facing acute challenges due to the growth in older cohorts, as people live for longer.
  - Wider financial pressure on households: from energy bills, housing costs, wage restraint, and benefit reforms.
  - Increasing public expectations: with residents expecting better services and more prompt responses. This means that the Council must plan for the fact that spending reductions will affect all parts of the public sector to the end of the decade and that increasing levels of demand will not be met from simply doing more of what it is currently doing.
  - The impact on the Council's finances past and future: In Rhondda Cynon Taf, the impact of austerity has translated to the Council needing to save or generate £76m over the period 2011 2015, equivalent to 16% of the Council's budget. Looking ahead, based on assumptions about future public spending and rising demand, the Council is forecasting the need for further savings of over £60million in the latter half of the decade. In real terms, by the end of the decade, the council's total spending power will be nearly half of what it was at the start.

- 1.10 Knowing that the Council continues to face significant financial challenges in the years ahead, there is a need to develop and agree a plan for meeting the challenge.
- 1.11 Despite austerity, the economy is now growing, with the Cardiff Capital City Region one of the fastest growing areas outside of London. This creates opportunities for the Council; for residents; and for business. In Rhondda Cynon Taf, the benefits are already being seen through reduced unemployment, falling numbers of pupils eligible for free school meals, with more people on benefits moving into work. Despite, the recession more new homes were built in the County Borough in recent years than in all but two other local authorities across Wales. We are actively working with housing developers in areas such as Llanillid, Robertstown, Hirwaun, Tonyrefail, and Mwyndy to provide new homes and new jobs. Furthermore, the ten local authorities of South East Wales, Welsh Government and the UK Government have agreed plans for a £1.2 billion investment in boosting the local economy in the Cardiff Capital City Region that will benefit residents of Rhondda Cynon Taf.
- 1.12 The Council's agreed budget for 2018/19 amounts to £471.6M. Annex 1 sets out the Council budget for 2018/19 as allocated across services.
- 1.13 The budget has also been analysed across the 3 priority areas of Economy, People and Place as set out in the Corporate Plan (referenced in paragraph 1.8) in order to demonstrate the allocation of Council Revenue Resources to these priority areas. Whilst some allocation has been necessarily subject to a degree of 'best fit', this is still felt to be a helpful analysis and provides a basis to track resource allocation over time. This is attached at Annex 2. A similar analysis is also included for the 3 year capital programme at Annex 3.

## **Section 2 Local Government Settlement – Prospects**

2.1 As referenced in Section 1, local government as a whole has received negative settlements from Welsh Government in overall terms for 3 of the last 5 financial years. For Rhondda Cynon Taf the level of settlements received, in comparison to the all Wales average, are shown below in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1

Financial Year	RCT Settlement	All Wales Settlement
2014/15	-3.7%	-3.9%
2015/16	-3.7%	-3.5%
2016/17	-0.9%	-1.4%
2017/18	+0.4%	+0.2%
2018/19	+0.5%	+0.2%

- 2.2 Welsh Government have not provided any definitive indication of future year financial settlements, leaving local government to themselves model potential scenarios. The Welsh Local Government Association (WLGA) support local government in this regard.
- 2.3 Nationally, the outcome of the 2017 general election coupled with Brexit, have increased the uncertainty over the future austerity programme and, consequently, likely funding scenarios.
- 2.4 The level of WG funding is a key factor in the Council's overall resource availability, accounting for 78% of our budget. Each 1% change in the level of WG funding amounts to £3.6M of funding for this Council.
- 2.5 For planning purposes, this Council has developed a base case built upon planning assumptions as summarised in Table 2.2 below.

<u>Table 2.2: RCT Planning Assumptions – Welsh Government</u> Settlement

Year	Potential Settlement
2019/20	-1.0%
2020/21	-1.0%
2021/22	-1.0%

2.6 The provisional local government settlement for 2019/20 is anticipated to be received during October 2018.

## **Section 3 Council Tax**

- 3.1 Council Tax income accounts for 22% of the Council's net budget, generating £106.4M from local taxpayers in 2018/19.
- 3.2 The total yield from Council Tax is determined by a combination of the level of the tax base and the level at which Council Tax is set.
- 3.3 The Tax Base is the measure of the relative taxable capacity of different areas within the County Borough and is calculated in accordance with prescribed rules. The Gross Tax Base is the number of chargeable dwellings in the area expressed as Band D equivalents after allowing for exemptions, disablement reductions and discounts. This is then adjusted for an assumed collection rate to give the Net Tax Base.
- 3.4 The Tax Base is provided to Welsh Government and is used as part of the distribution formulae for the Local Government Settlement. The Tax Base is calculated for the County Borough as a whole and for those areas that have a Community Council.
- 3.5 The Tax Base movement over recent years is shown in Table 3.1 below.

Table 3.1

Year	Gross Tax Base (£)	Collection Rate	Net Tax Base (£)
2014/15	75,189	96.5%	72,557
2015/16	75,565	97.0%	73,298
2016/17	76,207	97.5%	74,302
2017/18	76,901	97.5%	74,978
2018/19	77,608	97.5%	75,668

- 3.6 The level of any increase or decrease of Council Tax is considered each year as part of the annual budget consultation processes, and subsequently determined by Council as part of the annual budget strategy. The formal resolution is also agreed by Council.
- 3.7 Council Tax levels over recent years are shown in Table 3.2 below.

Table 3.2

Year	Band D Council Tax £	Increase over Previous Year
2014/15	£1,248.00	4.5%

2015/16	£1,295.48	3.8%
2016/17	£1,331.17	2.75%
2017/18	£1,361.18	2.25%
2018/19	£1,406.17	3.3%

- The total amount raised through Council Tax is derived by multiplying the net tax base by the band D Council Tax charge, which for 2018/19 amounts to (75,668 x £1406.17) £106.4M.
- 3.9 For modelling purposes as part of this report, a Council Tax increase of 3% per annum is currently being used in our medium term calculations, noting of course that this is a key decision for Members to make as part of setting each year's budget. In terms of generating resources, a 1% increase in the level of Council Tax will raise an extra £795k¹ of additional income each year (this is net of the costs associated with the Council Tax Reduction Scheme described in more detail below).

## **Council Tax Reduction Scheme (CTR Scheme)**

- 3.10 Welsh Government has determined a national CTR Scheme for Wales which assesses a taxpayer's ability to pay and provides support for those who are eligible.
- 3.11 During 2017/18 the Council paid CTRS to 25,303 eligible applicants at a cost of £22.461M. For 2018/19 the Council has estimated the cost to be £23.780M.

#### Tax Base

- 3.12 At its meeting on the 17<sup>th</sup> January 2018, Council resolved to remove the discount on long term empty properties with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2018. The consequential impact of this on our formal tax base determination will be effective in our tax base calculations for financial year 2019/20.
- 3.13 For the provisional local government settlement 2019/20, the tax base used will be that of the previous year. However for the final settlement the new year (2019/20) tax base will have been determined and will be used. This will result in an element of rebalancing between WG funding (RSG/NDR) and Council Tax income.

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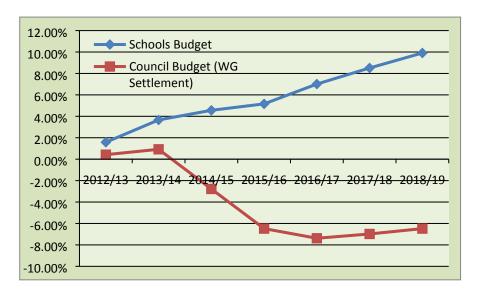
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on 2018/19 Council Tax Income

## Section 4 Individual Schools Budget (ISB)

- 4.1 The total Individual Schools Budget (ISB) for the Council in 2018/19 amounts to £148.8M and represents over 30% of the Council's net budget.
- 4.2 Since 2012/13, the ISB has increased at a level above other Council services and above the level of the Council's own settlement from Welsh Government. The ISB has been subject to protection requirements by Welsh Government over this period which ended in 2016/17. The comparative ISB increases over the last seven years are shown in Table 4.1 and graphically below:

Table 4.1

Year	School (ISB)	RCT Settlement
	Increase	Level
2012/13	+1.58%	+0.42%
2013/14	+2.08%	+0.5%
2014/15	+0.9%	-3.7%
2015/16	+0.6%	-3.7%
2016/17	+1.85%	-0.9%
2017/18	+1.5%	+0.4%
2018/19	+1.4%	+0.5%



4.3 Over the 7 year period shown in Table 4.1, the ISB has received an increase amounting to 9.91%, as opposed to the Council's remaining budgets having been reduced by 6.48%. In monetary terms, applied to an ISB of £138M (2011/12 ISB) this amounts to an extra £22.5M being provided to schools over the period.

- 4.4 Pupil number forecasts are modelled across Primary, Secondary and Special Schools sectors with the financial implications included in the Schools Budget Requirement.
- 4.5 The levels of school reserves held as at the 31st March 2018 are shown in Table 4.2 below.

Table 4.2

Type of School	31/03/17	2017/18	31/03/18
School		Movement	
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Primary	2,824	1,350	4,174
Secondary	(840)	(390)	(1,230)
Special	146	307	453
Total	2,130	1,267	3,397

## **Section 5 Fees and Charges**

- 5.1 The Council raises approximately £15M of income annually from fees and charges raised across services. The level of charges is reviewed annually.
- 5.2 Cabinet reviewed (15<sup>th</sup> February 2018) fees and charges levels with the objective to continue to provide a comprehensive range of quality services at affordable prices. The initial budget modelling for 2018/19 had assumed a 2% increase.
- 5.3 The outcome of Cabinet's review was a 2.95% standard increase to fees and charges (allowing for rounding adjustments as appropriate) with the exception of a number of areas that would be subject to specific treatment. A summary of these exceptions are set out in Table 5.1 below.

<u>Table 5.1 – Summary of fees and charges not subject to the standard increase</u>

Area of charge	Increase for 2018/19
Parking Charges	Nil increase
Summer and Winter Playing Fees	Nil increase
(Sports Clubs)	
Cinema (entrance fee)	Nil increase
Meals on Wheels	£0.25 per meal
Day Centre Meals	£0.17 per meal
School Meals (Primary and Secondary	£0.10 per meal
Schools)	
Pontypridd Lido (entry for adult users)	£1.00
Burial Fees	Revised schedule of
	charges (as per Table 5.2)
Heritage Park (Underground Experience	Schools: £0.55
entry fee)	Non-schools: £1 individual
	ticket / £2 family ticket

- 5.4 Further information on the exceptions included in Table 5.1, where appropriate, are set out below.
- 5.4.1 'Meals on Wheels' and 'Day Centre Meals' the 2018/19 meal price for both areas have been brought into line at £3.70, from the current level of charges of £3.45 and £3.53 respectively. By way of comparison across Wales, the latest price information for the 2017/18 financial year ranges from £3.10 to £5.00.
- 5.4.2 **School Meals (Primary and Secondary Schools -** increase by £0.10p per meal). The 2018/19 primary school meal price would be

- £2.50 and the 2018/19 free school meal value of a secondary school meal would be £2.75. In terms of comparing across Wales, based on 2017/18 information, current prices range between £1.90 and £2.50 for primary schools and £2.10 and £2.85 for secondary schools.
- 5.4.3 **Pontypridd Lido** to increase the nominal charge introduced in 2017/18 of £1 for adult users to £2 for 2018/19 (use for those aged 'under 16' remains free). During the past year the Lido has continued to be successful in terms of user numbers, promoting healthy activity and delivering wider economic benefits to the area, and the proposed charge would remain competitive compared to other tourist attractions.

#### **Burial Fees**

5.4.4 Following a review of the Council's bereavement fees and comparison with other burial authorities, it is clear that the burial fees and charges applied by this Council are amongst the lowest in Wales. Therefore, it was agreed to increase the level of burial fees over the next two years to bring them more into line with other neighbouring authorities. In terms of further contextual information, the decision would position the Council's burial fee levels at the 'lower end' compared with other neighbouring authorities without taking into account price changes these Councils may introduce during this period. Table 5.2 sets out the burial fees over the two year period with an additional income of £83k being forecast in relation to 2018/19. With regard to cremation fees, these are currently comparable with other local authorities and the standard increase only has been applied (i.e. 2.95%).

Table 5.2 – Revisions to Burial Fees for 2018/19 and 2019/20

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Burial Fees	Fee	Fee	Fee
	£	£	£
Purchase New Grave for 1/2	519	700	800
Purchase New Grave for 3	557	700	800
Additional Pre-purchase Fee		350	400
Burial in a New Grave for 1/2	519	700	800
Burial in a New Grave for 3		800	900
Burial in a Re-Opened Grave	519	700	800
Memorial Permits	256	250	250

5.4.5 Linked to the above, the Finance & Performance Scrutiny Committee considered the issue of bereavement fees for armed forces veterans (at the meetings on 23<sup>rd</sup> October 2017 and 18<sup>th</sup> December 2017) following a notice of motion to Council in November 2016. At the 18<sup>th</sup> December 2017 meeting, the Committee agreed to recommend to Cabinet that the Council undertake a 12 month pilot whereby all bereavement fees incurred by the families of deceased veterans

resident in Rhondda Cynon Taf be subject to a 25% reduction in recognition of the commitment to their country and the Council's commitment to the Armed Forces Covenant. This will apply to all veterans who have served their minimum period of service/enlistment or seen active duty. No budgetary adjustment was made for the 2018/19 financial year with the financial implications being assessed as part of the pilot over the next 12 months.

- 5.4.6 With regard to fees charged by local government for the burial and cremation of children, the Council already had a policy of not applying a fee for the cremation or interment of a child under 16 years of age. The Key Officer Delegated Decision of <a href="https://gww.gen.government.org/9th/anuary/2018/">9th/anuary/2018</a> reaffirmed this commitment and added further provisions in respect of no charge being made in such circumstances as set out in the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between Welsh Ministers, the Welsh Local Government Association and One Voice Wales. It should be noted that the MOU extended this to include all standard burial and cremation fees of a child under 18 years of age. In line with this delegated decision, no budgetary adjustment was made for the 2018/19 financial year.
- 5.4.7 Heritage Park (Underground Experience entry fee) –the individual entry fee was increased by £0.55 for school visits and for non-school visits by £1 for individual entry and £2 for a family ticket. A comparison of attractions in neighbouring areas confirmed these changes would continue to position the Heritage Park as one of the lowest priced attractions, this being alongside a recent programme of investment to further improve the customer experience.
- 5.5 The total estimated <u>additional</u> income that would be generated by the changes was £253k in a full year.
- 5.6 In addition to the changes set out in Tables 5.1 and 5.2, a number of fees and charges decisions were approved during the 2017/18 financial year and have been incorporated into the Council's 2018/19 Budget Strategy. For completeness, these are summarised in Table 5.3:

<u>Table 5.3 – Summary of decisions approved during 2017/18</u>

Area of charge	Decision approved
Adult Social Care Charges (non-residential care services)	•Increase from £60 to £70 per week in line with the revised limit determined by Welsh Government with further increases to be made in line with WG limits (Cabinet 18th July 2017)
Leisure Centres and Swimming Pool	<ul> <li>£2 increase on monthly membership</li> <li>£20 increase on annual membership</li> <li>2.5% increase on all other charges</li> </ul>

	(Cabinet 28th September 2017)
Fixed Penalty Notice (environmental crimes)	<ul> <li>Increase from £75 to £100 (Cabinet 25<sup>th</sup> January 2018)</li> </ul>

5.7 A full list of all fees and charges across Council services for 2018/19 can be accessed <a href="here">here</a>.

### Section 6 National and Local Pressures

## 6.0 Authority Wide Budgets

6.1 Appropriate sums must be set aside to cover a number of Authority Wide costs. These include the following:

#### **Capital Financing**

The projected level of capital charges are linked to the Council's Capital Programme and Treasury Management Strategy.

#### Levies

Levies are raised (against non service specific budgets) by the South Wales Fire Service, the Coroner, Brecon Beacons National Park Authority and the Glamorgan Archives (Joint Committee).

#### Council Tax Reduction Scheme

This demand led area of expenditure is in line with the Welsh Government national scheme introduced from financial year 2013/14.

#### <u>Miscellaneous</u>

The areas of expenditure held here include:

- Carbon Reduction Commitment
- Graduate and Apprenticeship programmes
- Trade Union Costs
- Local Government Elections
- Planning Appeals
- Former Authority Pension Costs
- Voluntary Termination Costs
- Local Government Pension Scheme including autoenrolment
- Bank Charges
- Housing Benefit Subsidy Costs
- Energy / Invest to Save
- External Audit Fees
- Vehicle Replacement Funding
- City Deal Costs
- Insurance Costs
- Discretionary Non Domestic Rate Relief
- Apprenticeship Levy
- A summary of the projected requirement for Authority Wide budgets from the current year (2018/19 budget) to 2021/22 is shown below in Table 6.1.

Table 6.1

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	Current	(Projected)	(Projected)	(Projected)
Authority Wide Budgets	Budget			
	£K	£K	£K	£K
Capital Financing	19,947	18,544	19,044	19,394
Levies	11,790	12,026	12,267	12,512
CTRS	23,780	24,493	25,228	25,985
Miscellaneous	14,058	16,061	16,588	17,115
TOTAL	69,575	71,124	73,127	75,006
		1,549	2,002	1,880

Note included in 'Miscellaneous' are increases in pension fund contributions which will be reallocated across service areas as part of the budget setting process.

## 6.3 Service Inescapable Pressures

- There are clearly areas of our budget which are exposed to more uncontrollable spending requirements which might arise from demand led or demographic changes, legislative or regulatory change, the effect of external market forces (and prices) and the financial implications of policy and service planning decisions made by the Council. These are <a href="inescapable pressures">inescapable pressures</a> and include the ongoing implications of the Living Wage on our External Contracts, changes in pupil number projections, Additional Needs Funding pressures and assumptions around reductions in specific grants.
- The amount included for Service Inescapable Pressures within the Budget Requirement is shown below in Table 6.2.

Table 6.2

Forecasted Inescapable Budget	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Pressures			
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Schools (ISB)	912	377	857
Education and Inclusion Services	1,074	0	0
Community and Children's			
Services	2,248	2,918	2,502
Corporate and Frontline Services	1,821	475	499
Total	6,055	3,770	3,858

#### 6.6 Service Financial Risks

- 6.7 In addition to the above inescapable budget pressures, there are items of risk which have been identified and which are captured and estimated in financial terms. A view is then taken on the potential overall likelihood of the risk materialising and the quantum of it which should be included in the early modelling of the budget requirement. As time progresses the risks will either become inescapable or will fall away, possibly with a longer term impact.
- 6.8 The amount included for Service Financial Risks within the Budget Requirement is shown below in Table 6.3:

Table 6.3

Financial Risks	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Value of Risk Included	220	870	870

#### 6.9 School (ISB) Requirements

6.10 Section 4 set out the context for school budgets noting their favourable treatment as compared to other Council services. Notwithstanding this favourable treatment, there is still an expectation that they will make a positive contribution toward balancing the overall council budget. Consequently, an uplift to school budgets of £1M per year has been included for modelling purposes, which is considered a minimum level of uplift within the context of current planning assumptions for WG settlement levels. The ISB budget increases are set out in Table 6.4 below.

Table 6.4

	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Schools (ISB) Modelled Budget			
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Budget Requirement (ISB)	153,605	153,462	154,972
Modelled Budget	149,819	150,819	151,819
Modelled Increase	1,000	1,000	1,000

## **Section 7 Inflationary Pressures**

## 7.1 <u>Employee Inflation</u>

- 7.2 The NJC for Local Government Services agreed a 2 year pay award for 2018/19 and 2019/20. The impact for 2019/20 includes the introduction of a new pay spine with 2% differentials between each new SCP. The average cost implications for 2019/20 are 3.03% and 4.15% for non school and school based staff respectively. A subsequent 2% increase is modelled for 2020/21 and 2021/22.
- 7.3 For all other categories of employees, including teachers, a 2% allowance is also included for each year from 2019/20 to 2021/22.
- 7.4 There are currently no known changes planned to employer National Insurance Contributions. The outcome of the government's 4 yearly actuarial valuation of national un-funded pension schemes is not yet known; this could have implications for contribution rates for the Teachers Pension Scheme.

## 7.5 Non Employee Inflation

7.6 The Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee continues to set monetary policy to meet a 2% inflation target. For the MTFP, inflation is included across all expenditure and income heads currently at 2.2%, 2.1% and 2.0% for 2019/20, 2020/21 and 2021/22 respectively. A number of specific cost areas where inflation is known or anticipated to be above these rates have more appropriate inflationary allowances applied as detailed below.

## 7.7 Specific Inflation

- 7.8 There are some budget heads which are particularly volatile and susceptible to variations in rates of inflation which are outliers to the central forecasts. More detailed analysis and procurement intelligence is applied to uplifts for the following expenditure heads:
  - Electricity
  - o Gas
  - Fuel (Petrol)
  - Food
- 7.9 The overall cost of inflation to the Council is summarised in Table 7.1 below.

<u>Table 7.1</u>

Inflation	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Employee Related	7,721	5,881	5,998
Non Employee Related	4,265	3,875	3,780
	11,987	9,756	9,778
			31,521

## **Section 8 Specific Grants**

- 8.1 The Council is mindful of the opportunities that are likely to accrue, by the Council attracting specific grants to supplement its base revenue budget. Whilst specific grants can dilute local accountability, the fact remains that in attracting such funding, it allows us to undertake projects that otherwise we may have had to defer, or cancel.
- 8.2 By their nature, specific grants tend to be time-limited, and involve an assessment process. It is important therefore, that any specific grant funded programme complements the Council's locally determined priorities. In addition, even if they are initially successful in attracting specific grants, authorities are restricted in their ability to confidently forward plan, as they have no guarantee of ongoing (specific grant) funding. Consequently, because specific grants are time limited it is vital to develop appropriate "exit strategies".
- 8.3 Whilst specific grants come from a number of sources, for 2018/19 the Welsh Government alone will provide over £750M in total to Welsh Local Authorities. The allocation of specific grants remains a key feature of the Welsh Government's annual local government settlements, albeit the WG is committed to reduce this form of hypothecation in the longer term.
- 8.4 Table 8.1 sets out the <u>main</u> areas of expenditure and services which are funded currently by specific revenue grants.

Table 8.1

Award Body	Purpose	2017/18 Amount £M	2018/19 Amount £M
Community & Children	n Services		
Shaw Trust & Working Links	Subsidisation of Employment of Disabled Workers	0.451	0.314
Department for Work & Pensions	Housing Benefit Subsidy Bed & Breakfast Scheme	0.100	0.100
Welsh Government	Communities First Grant	3.395	0.000
	Communities First – Legacy Fund	0.000	0.916
	Communities 4 Work	1.093	1.083
	Communities 4 Work PLUS	0.000	1.714
	Inspire 2 Work	0.000	0.414
	Families First	3.432	2.924
	Flying Start	6.869	6.745
	School Effectiveness Grant - Play	0.000	0.073
	Social Care Workforce Development Programme	0.556	0.556

	Supporting People Grant	9.056	9.056
	Youth Crime Prevention Grant	0.426	0.426
	Substance Misuse Action Fund	2.686	2.646
	Wales Safer Communities Grant	0.280	0.067
	General Practitioner (GP) Referral	0.168	0.185
	Scheme		
		2.118	2.118
	Intermediate Care Fund (Via LHB)		
	Environmental & Sustainable	0.051	0.036
	Development Single Revenue Grant		
	Community Learning	0.000	0.201
	Youth Support Grant	0.000	0.239
Youth Justice Board	Youth Justice Provision	0.400	0.400
Police Crime	Police and Crime Reduction	0.064	0.101
Commissioner	1 once and on the reduction	0.004	0.101
Sports Council for	Grand/Big Splash	0.279	0.278
Wales	Grand/Big Opidan	0.213	0.270
	Dragon Sports Scheme	0.098	0.098
	Sports Development	0.239	0.583
Total Community & Ch		31.761	31.273
Education & Inclusio	n Services		
Welsh Government	Post-16 Provision in Schools	10.326	9.611
	Education Improvement Grant (EIG)	9.251	8.884
	Delegated to Schools	0.20	0.00
	Education Improvement Grant (EIG)	0.018	0.018
	Admin		
	Foundation Phase - EIG	0.112	0.000
	Education Improvement Grant (EIG)	0.000	0.110
	Foundation Phase Non Maintained		
	Pupil Deprivation Grant	8.859	7.421
	Community Learning	0.201	0.000
	Youth Service Support Grant	0.270	0.000
	Ethnic Minority Achievement - EIG	0.127	0.000
	School Uniform Grant Scheme (Estimate)	0.072	0.000
	Education of Gypsy Travellers - EIG	0.029	0.000
	Early Years PDG (estimate)	0.029	1.026
	Nursery Childcare Administration	0.000	0.083
	Nursery Childcare (estimate)	0.000	0.083
	ALN Transformation Grant (estimate)	0.000	0.380
	Period Poverty Grant	0.000	0.162
	Reduction in Infant Class Sizes Grant	0.000	0.016
	Out of School Childcare Grant	0.000	
			0.165
	Small and Rural Schools	0.134	0.134
	Inspire 2 Work	0.378	0.000
	Schools Business Manager Grant	0.000	0.028
	Schools Based Supply Cluster Grant	0.000	0.072

Rural Payments Agency	Infant Milk (Estimate)	0.386	0.450
Sports Council for Wales	5x60 (Estimate)	0.311	0.000
Total Education & Inclusion Services		30.639	28.864
Chief Executives			
Arts Council of Wales	Arts Development	0.150	0.150
Total Chief Executives		0.150	0.150
Corporate & Frontline	Services		
Department for Work & Pensions	Housing Benefit Administration Subsidy	0.926	0.876
Welsh Government	NDR Admin Grant	0.372	0.372
	Environment & Sustainable Development	3.958	0.034
	Sustainable Waste Management Grant	0.00	1.245
	Flood Risk Management	0.00	0.065
	Concessionary Fares	6.789	6.789
	Local Road Safety	0.133	0.114
	Bus Service Support	0.665	0.665
	Tomorrow's Valley Residual Waste	1.189	1.189
Tomorrow's Valley Food Waste		0.064	0.064
Total Corporate & Frontline Services		14.096	11.413
TOTAL SPECIFIC REV	ENUE GRANTS	76.646	71.700

8.5 Assumptions are made in the MTFP about future levels of specific grants, in particular where they are effectively funding core services, for example the Environment and Sustainable Development Grant which provides funding for our Recycling services.

# Section 9 Summary Spend Requirements and Resource Availability

9.1 The impact of the aforementioned modelling is aggregated into Table 9.1 below to show the forecast budget position over the next 3 years. The modelling shows a projected budget gap over the 3 year period which needs to be addressed and closed with actions during the period. Whilst modelled over a three year period, the Council must also be mindful of its legal responsibility to set a balanced budget annually and for the forthcoming financial year this has to be completed before the 11th March 2019.

Table 9.1

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE REQUIREMENTS AND RESOURCES

AVAILABLE

Summary	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
_	£'000	£'000	£'000
Base	471,600	470,677	470,943
Inflation	11,987	9,756	9,778
Inescapables	6,055	3,770	3,858
Risks	220	870	870
Schools Uplift (£1M pa)	- 3,786	- 2,643	- 3,153
Authority Wide	1,549	2,002	1,880
Budget Requirement	487,626	484,432	484,176
Resources			
WG Funding (RSG & NDR )	360,534	356,929	353,360
Council Tax	110,142	114,014	118,021
Total Resources Available	470,677	470,943	471,381
Budget Gap	16,949	13,490	12,795

43,234

9.2 Clearly a significant determinant on the budget gap is the level of funding which the Council receives from Welsh Government. To understand the potential impact of changes in the level of funding, Table 9.2 below sets out a range of potential settlement levels and the resultant budget gap.

Table 9.2

Budget Gap - Sensitivity Analysis	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Budget Gap at -1% pa (Base Case)	16,949	13,490	12,795
(Case)	10,949	13,490	12,733
Budget Gap at -2% pa	20,591	17,022	16,221
Budget Gap at -0% pa	13,307	9,884	9,226

## Section 10 Reserves Policy

- 10.1 Reserves play an important part of the overall financial management and financial standing of the Council. In this regard the Council holds a minimum of £10M in its General Reserves (that is, unallocated reserves). This level is not set by any formula but is a judgment of the Council's Section 151 Officer taking into account the overall quantum of the budget and the financial risks therein and facing the Council.
- 10.2 The Council also holds Earmarked Reserves which are sums set aside for specific purposes. The full schedule of reserves is attached at Annex 3 (as at the draft Statement of Accounts 2017/18).
- 10.3 All reserves are reviewed at least twice yearly, at budget setting stage and as part of the year end closure of accounts process. In between, changes in risk and potential liabilities are continuously monitored as part of the Council's financial management and budgetary control arrangements and changes in reserve levels are actioned, following member approval, as appropriate.
- 10.4 The Council has used reserves prudently as part of supporting its annual budget strategy for a number of years. Whilst reserves can be used to balance the budget, this alone is not a sustainable strategy and more permanent changes / reductions to the base budget must be made. With regard to the budget gap as modelled in Section 9, to balance the budget for the next 3 years using reserves alone would require the use of over £83M of reserves and the Council would still have a need to reduce its base budget by over £39M.
- 10.5 The Council will hold reserves for the following purposes:

## Capital, Treasury and Insurance Reserves

Reserve	Purpose
Capital Developments	Resources set-aside from revenue budget, earmarked to fund the Council's approved 3-year capital programme.
Treasury Management Reserve	Funding for known and potential future pressures upon the Capital Financing budget.
Insurance Reserve	To provide for estimated costs of incidents that have occurred during the policy year but have not yet resulted in a claim being received.

## Other Revenue Related Reserves

Reserve	Purpose
Revenue Budget Strategy 2018/19	Medium Term Financial Planning & Service Transformation (transitional funding) released to fund the 2018/19 Budget Strategy.
Joint Committee Reserve	Reflects the Council's share of General and Earmarked Reserves of the Joint Committees in which it has an interest.
Revenue Grant Reserves (IFRS)	Carry forward of Revenue Grants not yet applied to spend - required accounting treatment to comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.
Financial Management and Human Resources Risk Management	Resources set aside as cover for future liabilities relating to various risks identified and being managed.
Infrastructure / Investment	To fund current and future costs of maintaining and enhancing infrastructure across the County Borough.
Prior Year Commitments	Carry forward of existing funding to finance projects for which commitments have already been made in the prior year.
Medium Term Financial Planning and Service Transformation	Resources set aside as transitional (one- off) funding to support the Council's medium-term financial and service planning requirements.
Invest to Save	Funding identified (pump priming) to support Invest to Save opportunities as and when they arise.
Other Specific Reserves	Represents a number of reserves held for specific and identified purposes.

## Section 11 Balancing the Budget

- 11.1 Whilst the budget setting process is necessarily and statutorily an annual process, this Council has moved away from the annual cycle for financial planning purposes and seeks to address the budget gap on an ongoing basis over the medium term period.
- 11.2 Part of this process is the early identification and delivery of base budget reducing measures in-year and therefore before the start of a financial year. This has enabled the Council to deliver financial savings early and to replenish our Medium Term Financial Planning and Service Transformation Reserve which we have used proactively as part of our budget strategy approach for a number of years.
- 11.3 In line with the above, plans are already advanced across a number of areas to balance the projected budget gap for 2019/20 and the medium term. Table 11.1 below summarises the current position (based on the modelled budget gap set out in Table 9.1):

<u>Table 11.1</u>

	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Budget Gap Annual	16,949	13,490	12,795
<b>Budget Reduction Measures</b>			
General Efficiencies - Target	- 6,000		
Sporting Exemption (VAT)	-600		
Social Care Charges wef October			
2018 (full year impact in 2019/20)	-314		
Management Structure full year			
savings	-113		
Total Budget Reduction			
Measures	- 7,027	=	
Remaining Budget Gap	9,922	13,490	12,795

11.4 To close the remaining budget gap as shown above, particularly in respect of 2019/20, additional measures are currently under review, including:

- a. Council agreed in December 2015 to voluntarily terminate our PFI arrangement at Garth Olwg Lifelong Learning Centre. The contract formally terminated in January 2017. The final financial implications of the termination process are still being negotiated with the former contractor and can be taken into account once the process has been concluded which is anticipated during the latter part of 2018/19.
- b. Our Social Services Transformation Programme, including our significant commitment and investment in the provision of Extra Care facilities, continues to be implemented. The financial impact of our ongoing preventative strategy will continue to be modelled alongside the increases in demand for services linked to demographic changes.
- c. Over the last 2 financial years we have continued to see a reduction in demand for Council Tax Reduction Scheme support which has resulted in underspends in this area. We have already reduced this budget for 2018/19 but we will closely monitor demand as we progress through this financial year with a view to reflecting this into next year's budget.
- d. We will continue to review our base budget requirements at both a service level and an authority wide level, with ongoing modelling around key service pressures including inflationary requirements, contractual arrangements and capital charges.
- e. We will ensure that we continue to maximise opportunities to invest for the long term, benefiting residents and reducing our core ongoing spend requirements in doing so. We will continue to collaborate and work with others where it is for the benefit of Rhondda Cynon Taf.
- f. We have identified a number of workstreams to focus and prioritise our efforts over the medium term to identify and deliver the transformational requirements across all our services. These are:
  - Digitalisation
  - Commercialism
  - Early Intervention and Prevention
  - Independence
  - Efficient and Effective Organisation
- 11.5 For modelling / sensitivity purposes, the remaining budget gap is restated at alternative planning scenarios and is shown below in Table 11.2. It should be noted, the remaining budget gap for 2019/20 is AFTER the delivery of £6M of targeted efficiencies across services, which in itself is becoming ever more challenging. However we remain focussed and committed to becoming an increasingly efficient organisation where frontline services are protected as far as possible.

<u>Table 11.2</u>

	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Base Case	9,922	13,490	12,795
Remaining Budget Gap At -2%	13,564	17,022	16,221
Remaining Budget Gap At 0%	6,280	9,884	9,226

## **Section 12** Capital Programme

- 12.1 The Council's 3 year capital programme, 2018/19 to 2020/21 was agreed by Council on the 28<sup>th</sup> February 2018.
- 12.2 The three year Capital Programme is a key component of the overall Medium Term Financial Planning and Resources Strategy for this Council. Targeted capital investment can make a significant impact on service delivery and used effectively, is able to underpin the Council's Corporate Plan Priorities, where relevant.
- 12.3 The three year programme amounted to £180M and includes further additional investment of £9.950M in priorities aligned to the Council's Corporate Plan.
- 12.4 The rolling 3 year programme is reviewed and determined annually (in March of each year) and provides service managers with the opportunity to plan investment in our infrastructure and assets over the medium term.
- 12.5 A summary of the current 3 year programme is provided in Table 12.1.

**Table 12.1: THREE YEAR SUMMARY CAPITAL PROGRAMME** 

	BUDGET			
GROUP	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	
	£M	£M	£M	
	£ IVI	£IVI	£ IVI	
Community & Children's Services				
Direct Services, Business & Housing	3.550	0.550	0.550	
Public Health & Protection	3.493	0.550	0.550	
Education & Inclusion Services				
Schools	36.333	3.491	0.146	
Supplementary Capital Programme	6.876	4.900	4.900	
Cappiomentary Capital Fregramme	0.070	1.000	1.000	
Chief Executive's Division				
Regeneration & Planning	31.001	19.121	0.740	
Private Sector Housing	8.282	5.368	5.368	
Cabinet Office & Public Relations	0.085	0.020	0.020	
Corporate & Frontline Services				
Corporate Estates	0.200	0.200	0.200	
Financial Services	0.700	0.700	0.700	
Highways Technical Services	11.772	1.835	1.835	
Strategic Projects	11.879	0.708	0.325	
Waste	0.100	0.000	0.000	
Fleet	3.163	4.593	2.400	
Buildings	0.100	0.100	0.100	
Corporate Budgets				
Corporate Initiatives	1.044	0.850	0.850	
·				
TOTAL CAPITAL BUDGET	118.578	42.986	18.684	

## Section 13 Consultation and Scrutiny

- 13.1 Following consideration of this MTFP by Cabinet, it is proposed that this document and the planning assumptions be made available to the Finance and Performance Scrutiny Committee, as part of the consultation on the draft 2019/20 budget strategy.
- 13.2 The MTFP will be used as a basis of planning for our 2019/20 budget strategy consultation processes, updated as appropriate to reflect the implications of the provisional local government settlement which is due to be received in October 2018.

### Section 14 Other Relevant Documents

Below are links to other documents which are relevant to the Medium Term Financial Plan.

#### **Budget Book**

https://www.rctcbc.gov.uk/EN/Council/Performancebudgetsandspending/Councilbudgets.aspx

#### **Statement of Accounts**

https://www.rctcbc.gov.uk/EN/Council/Performancebudgetsandspending/StatementofAccounts.aspx

## Treasury Management Strategy, Investment Strategy and Prudential Indicators

https://www.rctcbc.gov.uk/EN/Council/CouncillorsCommitteesandMeetings/Meetings/Council/2018/03/28/Reports/Agendaltem8TreasuryManagement.pdf

### **Council Performance Report, Quarter 3 2017/18**

https://www.rctcbc.gov.uk/EN/Council/CouncillorsCommitteesandMeetings/Meetings/Cabinet/2018/03/22/Reports/Agendaltem12CouncilQuarterPerformanceReport.pdf

#### **Corporate Plan**

 $\frac{http://www.rctcbc.gov.uk/EN/Council/PerformanceBudgetsandSpending/Councilperformance/RelatedDocuments/CorporatePlan201620/CorporatePlan201620.pdf$ 

#### Council 3 Year Capital Programme 2018/19 to 2020/21

https://www.rctcbc.gov.uk/EN/Council/CouncillorsCommitteesandMeetings/Meetings/Council/2018/02/28/Reports/Agendaltem10TheCouncilThreeYearCapitalProgramme.pdf

# ANNEX 1 GENERAL FUND REVENUE : SERVICES PROVIDED

2017/18		2018/19
Budget		Budget
£M		£M
70.050	Community & Children's Services	00,000
73.850		80.303
44.987		46.011
3.170		3.083
16.069 <b>138.076</b>	Public Health & Protection	20.751 <b>150.148</b>
130.076		150.146
	Education & Inclusion Services	
30.905	Education & Inclusion Services (Non-	26.712
30.505	Delegated)	20.712
146.950	Delegated Schools	148.819
177.855	Dologatou Concole	175.531
		17 0.00 1
	Chief Executive's Division	
0.410		0.399
2.523	Cabinet Office & Public Relations	2.566
3.571	Human Resources	3.704
3.286		3.536
2.119	Regeneration & Planning	2.329
11.909		12.534
	Corporate & Frontline Services	
44.807		47.816
5.307		5.127
3.854		4.001
2.065		2.194
4.935	Corporate Estates Management &	4.521
0.455	Procurement	0.450
0.155	Group Management	0.153
61.123		63.812
388.963	Total Group Budgets	402.025
	Authority Wide Budgets	
19.557	Capital Financing	19.947
11.649	Levies	11.790
14.864	Miscellaneous	13.658
0.400	NDR Relief	0.400
23.507	Council Tax Reduction Scheme	23.780
69.977	Total Authority Wide Budgets	69.575
458.940	TOTAL REVENUE BUDGET	471.600

# ANNEX 2 COUNCIL REVENUE BUDGET - BY PRIORITY AREA

Budget 2017/18	Priority Area	Budget 2018/19
£'000		£'000
•	PEOPLE Children's Services Adult Services	46,809 83,577 <b>130,386</b>
11,919 313	PLACE Parks / Leisure (including physical participation) / Libraries / Heritage Sites Anti-Social Behaviour / Domestic Violence / Substance Misuse	11,206 315
3,238 14,631	Crime Reduction (inc hate crime) Highway cleanliness Waste / Recycling Highways Infrastructure / Road maintenance /	745 3,887 17,330
9,923 377 <b>41,122</b>	condition Homelessness prevention	9,260 1,052 <b>43,794</b>
185,800 523 579 400	ECONOMY  Economically active people / Job Seekers Allowance Claimants / Job Creation / Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET) School Attainment Business start ups / closures Town Centre Town Centre Vacancy Rates (businesses) Housing / affordable housing delivered	26,161 188,544 438 584 400 147 <b>216,273</b>
6,065 <b>7,713</b>		1,530 5,781 <b>7,311</b>
385,341	TOTAL SPEND ON COUNCIL PRIORITIES	397,764
· ·	REGULATORY PUBLIC SERVICES OTHER SERVICES TO THE PUBLIC	4,751 2,291
•	AUTHORITY WIDE COSTS CORE SUPPORT	45,395 21,399
458,940	TOTAL COUNCIL BUDGET	471,600

## **ANNEX 3**

## **COUNCIL CAPITAL PROGRAMME - BY PRIORITY AREA**

	3 Year Capital Programme 2018 - 2021			
Priority/Scheme	2018/19 Budget	2019/20 Budget	2020/21 Budget	Total 3 Year Budget
	£M	£M	£M	£M
Decade				
People Adult Services	8.680	5.643	5.925	20.248
Children's Services	0.615	0.553	0.553	1.721
Total - People	9.295	6.196	6.478	21.969
Total - Feople	9.293	0.130	0.470	21.909
Place				
Parks, Leisure, Libraries, Culture & Heritage, Open Spaces	3.325	0.696	0.448	4.469
Crime Reduction	0.130	0.075	0.075	0.280
Highways Cleanliness	0.032	0.390	0.268	0.690
Highways Infrastructure	25.642	2.968	2.528	31.138
Waste Strategy	0.185	3.071	0.871	4.127
Total - Place	29.314	7.200	4.190	40.704
Economy				
School Attainment	43.209	8.438	5.147	56.794
Business Support	0.700	0.500	0.500	1.700
Town Centres	30.084	18.621	0.240	48.945
Housing (including Empty Property Grant)	3.053	-	-	3.053
Total - Economy	77.046	27.559	5.887	110.492
Living Within Our Means				
Management and rationalisation of service accommodation	1.305	1.154	1.168	3.627
Customer Care	0.022	0.018	0.042	0.082
Total - Living Within Our Means	1.327	1.172	1.210	3.709
Total Living Wallin our mound	1.027	1.1.7.2	1.210	0.700
Total Capital Budget Allocated to Council Priorities	116.982	42.127	17.765	176.874
Regulatory Public Services (Cemeteries)	0.750	0.135	0.175	1.060
Authority Wide Costs (Vehicle related)	0.146	0.024	0.044	0.214
Core ICT Systems Support	0.700	0.024	0.700	2.100
Core io i Systems Support	0.700	0.700	0.700	2.100
Total Capital Budget	118.578	42.986	18.684	180.248

## **ANNEX 4**

## **COUNCIL EARMARKED RESERVES**

COUNCIL EARMARKED RESERVES					
Earmarked Rese	<u>rves</u>				
Canital Transcury and	d Insurance Reserves				
Capital, Treasury and	Insurance Reserves				
Reserve	Purpose	Balance at 31/03/17	Transfers Out	Transfers In	Balance at 31/03/18
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Capital Developments	Resources set-aside from revenue budget, earmarked to fund the Council's approved 3-year capital programme.	47,006	(16,098)	22,792	53,700
Treasury Management Reserve	Funding for known and potential future pressures upon the Capital Financing budget.	2,452	0	13	2,465
Insurance Reserve	To provide for estimated costs of incidents that have occurred during the policy year but have not yet resulted in a claim being received.	13,320	(4,491)	102	8,931
Total		62,778	(20,589)	22,907	65,096
Other Revenue Relat	ted Reserves				
Reserve	Purpose	Balance at 31/03/17	Transfers Out	Transfers In	Balance at 31/03/18
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Revenue Budget Strategy 2017/18	Medium Term Financial Planning & Service Transformation (transitional funding) released to fund the 2017/18 budget.	1,433	(1,433)	0	0
Revenue Budget Strategy 2018/19	Medium Term Financial Planning & Service Transformation (transitional funding) to be released to fund the 2018/19 budget.	0	0	1,022	1,022
Joint Committee Reserve	Reflects the Council's share of General and Earmarked Reserves of the Joint Committees in which it has an interest.	121	(85)	71	107
Revenue Grant Reserves (IFRS)	Carry forward of Revenue Grants not yet applied to spend - required accounting treatment to comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.	2,515	(2,515)	3,021	3,021
Financial Management and Human Resources Risk Management	Resources set aside as cover for future liabilities relating to various risks identified and being managed.	34,519	(17,442)	12,689	29,766
Investment / Infrastructure	To fund current and future costs of maintaining and enhancing infrastructure across the County Borough	3,628	(3,628)	6,855	6,855
Prior Year Commitments	Carry forward of existing funding to finance projects for which commitments have already been made in the prior year.	12,127	(5,282)	5,112	11,957
Medium Term Financial Planning and Service Transformation	Resources set aside as transitional (one- off) funding to support the Council's medium-term financial and service planning requirements.	5,484	(1,022)	203	4,665
Other Specific Reserves	Represents a number of reserves held for specific and identified purposes.	3,326	(1,693)	2,059	3,692
Invest to Save	Funding identified (pump priming) to support Invest to Save opportunities as and when they arise.	0	0	3,056	3,056
Total		63,153	(33,100)	34,088	64,141
Total Earmarked Res	serves	125,931	(53,689)	56,995	129,237
i otai Laimaikeu Kes	C1 VC3	120,531	(55,669)	30,333	123,237